WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2718

FISCAL NOTE

BY DELEGATES COOPER, WORRELL, WESTFALL, MILLER,

MAYNARD, ATKINSON, KESSINGER AND HARSHBARGER

[Introduced January 29, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Agriculture and Natural

Resources then the Judiciary.]

1	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; by adding thereto a new section,
2	designated §61-3-52a; relating to requiring purchasers of roundwood to collect and
3	maintain certain information; and establishing criminal and administrative penalties for
4	failure to comply.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
	ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.
	§61-3-52a. Purchase of roundwood and required recordkeeping.
1	(a) It is unlawful for any person or entity to purchase roundwood without obtaining and
2	recording the information required by this section. For purposes of this section, "roundwood"
3	means logs or pulpwood of six feet or more in length.
4	(b) A person or entity that purchases roundwood shall make a record of the purchase

5 using a form provided or approved by the Division of Forestry. The form shall contain, at a

6 minimum, the following information for each initial timber operation notification:

7 (1) The name, current address, and phone number of the seller;

- 8 (2) The date and time of the transaction;
- 9 (3) A complete description of the kind, character, and board feet of the roundwood

10 purchased; and

11 (4) A photocopy of a valid timber license or timber license exemption issued by the WV

12 Division of Forestry to the seller delivering the roundwood. Sellers located out-of-state shall

13 provide the purchaser with an equivalent business license; *Provided*, That if the purchaser has a

14 copy of the seller's valid timber or timber license exemption or required valid out-of-state business

15 license on file, the purchaser may reference the identification that is on file, without making a

16 <u>separate photocopy for each transaction.</u>

17 (c) The seller is required to notify the buyer of any changes in his or her timber license or

18 timber exemption status, already on file with the purchaser and the seller is required to provide

19 the purchaser with updated documentation at the time the roundwood is received by the

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20	purchaser.
21	(d) The purchaser shall retain the records required by this section at his or her place of
22	business for a minimum of three calendar years after the date of purchase and the records shall
23	be made available for inspection upon reasonable request by any law-enforcement officer or any
24	employee of the Division of Forestry. Records requested in this manner are not subject to public
25	disclosure requirements.
26	(e) Any person who knowingly or fraudulently violates a provision of this section, including
27	the failure to make a record, maintain records required by this section, or who falsifies any
28	required information, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction of a first offense, a person shall
29	be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000; upon conviction of a second offense, a person
30	shall be fined not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$4,000 and, notwithstanding the provisions of
31	§11-12-5 of this code, the court in which the conviction occurred shall issue an order directing the
32	Tax Commissioner to suspend for a period of six months any business registration certificate held
33	by that person. Upon conviction of a third or subsequent offense, a person shall be fined not less
34	than \$3,000 nor more than \$5,000 and, notwithstanding the provisions of §11-12-5 of this code,
35	the court in which the conviction occurred shall issue an order directing the Tax Commissioner to
36	suspend any business registration certificate held by that person and include the date the
37	cancellation shall take effect.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require purchasers of roundwood to collect and maintain certain information. It requires sellers to provide updated information to purchases prior to purchase. It also provides criminal penalties for failure to record, maintain or for falsifying required information.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

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